taker is careful to see to it that his carabao is permitted to perform his ablutions in muddy water. Like his master, the carabao is placid and easy-going. Slow as this beast of burden is, he performs an amazing amount of work. The carabao is more powerful than the horse and can move extraordinarily heavy loads on either a two-wheeled cart or sled.

Of all domesticated animals, the carabao is the most helpful and useful to the common *tao.* He is the indispensable beast upon which many families depend for a livelihood. Mr. and Mrs. Carabao are a source of food. The female of the species supplies the family with milk. Is it any wonder that the carabao should be considered the most prized possession of his owner, and the friend of the family? And is it not but fair that the carabao should be the recipient of anxious care?

Slow-moving under ordinary conditions and with an even temper, at times the carabao becomes excited and charges rapidly and ferociously. For some reason, he is imbued with race prejudice and resents the presence of white men. While a small Filipino urchin can easily control .a carabao, the animal is suspicious of a white person and is more than likely to display his instinctive antipathy.

Besides carabaos, other domesticated animals, such as cattle, horses, mules, sheep, pigs, goats, common fowls, and dogs are raised in the Philippines. The Government has taken the lead in the development of the livestock industry of the country and such progress has been attained along this line that now the Philippines has become self-sufficient in the supply of live animals both for draft and meat purposes. The im-

portation of work and beef animals has been stopped. Cattle-raising is successfully and extensively carried on in Bukidnon, Mindanao, and other regions. Sheep can be seen placidly grazing in the fields of the Ilocos and Mountain Provinces.

Rinderpest, once the scourge of carabaos and cattle, has been largely suppressed through quarantine and the use of rinderpest vaccine. Infected animals are isolated, and those